

TRANSFORMATION INTO AGROBACTERIUM

Making competent cells

1. Set up culture in 5 ml LB with 10 μ l Rifampicin (50 mgml⁻¹) - final conc. 100 μ g/ml - at 28°C for 2 days.
2. Sub-culture into 500 ml LB with 1 ml Rifampicin (50 mgml⁻¹) and incubate at 28°C overnight.
3. Chill rotor, 2L 1 mM HEPES (pH 7.0) and 500 ml 10% glycerol in 1 mM HEPES (pH 7.0) overnight.
4. Measure OD₆₀₀ of overnight culture and when value = 0.5, place on ice for 30'.
5. Spin at 4000 g for 20' in a cold rotor.
6. Resuspend cells in equal volume (500 ml) ice cold 1 mM HEPES (pH 7.0)
7. Spin at 4000 g for 20' and resuspend in 250 ml ice cold 1 mM HEPES (pH 7.0).
8. Spin as above. Wash pellet in 50 ml 10% glycerol in 1 mM HEPES (pH 7.0).
9. Spin again and resuspend pellet in 2.5 ml 10% glycerol in 1 mM HEPES (pH 7.0).
10. Aliquot in 200 μ l lots, freeze in liquid nitrogen and store at -80°C.

Electroporation into Agrobacterium

1. Prepare electroporation equipment as per routine transformation.
2. Set machine as follows :

Capacitance 25 μ F, resistance 600 Ω , field strength 2.5KVcm⁻¹, vol - MAX

3. Add 1-5 μl of binary vector to competent cells, mix gently and add to cuvette.
4. Apply current and **immediately** add 1 ml LB (**NOT SOC**). Leave to recover at 28°C for 3 h with gentle shaking (150rpm).
5. Spin cells down at 5K for 5' and resuspend in 100 μl LB.
6. Plate out on Rifampicin ($50 \mu\text{gml}^{-1}$) and Kanamycin ($50 \mu\text{gml}^{-1}$) plates and leave at 28°C for 3 days. Any colonies that grow should contain the binary vector conferring the Kan resistance.